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Business Immigration

Canada is a real opportunity for businesspeople seeking an incomparable quality of life.



Canada seeks to entice people with a strong ability to contribute to the economy through its numerous business immigration programs. By recruiting investors, business owners, and independent **immigration contractors** with access to venture capital, strong business acumen, and entrepreneurial talents, these programs aim to promote economic development.

By embracing immigrants who are familiar with those markets and their requirements and customs, these programs also aim to create new economic opportunities in Canada and to enhance Canada's access to burgeoning international markets. You



can choose to apply through one of the programs provided by the federal government or a specific province, such as the Quebec business immigration programs, if business immigration sounds like it would be a good fit for your experience and aspirations.

These are Categories Under Business Immigration:

1. Investor
2. Entrepreneurs
3. Self-employed
4. Start-Up Visas
5. Provincial Nomination
6. Work Permits
7. Business Visitor

— Investor

Quebec Immigrant Investor Program (QIIP)

The Quebec Immigrant Investor Program (QIIP) is designed for anyone who has a certain net worth and sufficient funds to participate in the Quebec economy (currently, this program is closed).

Candidates for the Quebec Immigrant Investor Program are assessed based on a number of criteria, such as degree level/areas of training, managerial experience, age, fluency in French or English, intention to stay in Quebec with family, and Investment Agreement. For applicants with or without a spouse or common-law partner, the maximum number of points allowed is 94.

Candidates that achieve the minimum requirements for managerial experience and financial investment will only need five more points to reach the needed 40. Candidates could get those points by meeting just one of the following, for instance:

A technical diploma from a postsecondary institution attesting to one OR two years of full-time study (worth 6 points)

A two-year, full-time undergraduate degree from a university (worth 6 points)

Members of your family accompanying you will also need to obtain an attestation, including your spouse aged 16 years or older, and your dependent children aged 18 years or older.

You must score at least 40 out of 89 points on the grid to meet the cut-off for factors and criteria that have an elimination threshold.

Benefits of the Quebec Immigrant Investor Program

Risk-free Investment: The Quebec government guarantees the \$1,200,000 investment, which will be fully refunded after five years.

The Investment that is Passive After the investment is made, no active management is needed.

Family Included: All spouses and dependent children of the candidate are listed in the application and are accorded the same status as the candidate.

Permanent Resident Status: Enjoy the same privileges as Canadian citizens (universal health coverage, free public education, access to prestigious universities, etc.).

Eligibility for Business Immigration

Minimum Net Worth: a minimum of CAD \$2,000,000 in legally acquired net worth, either on their own or with assistance from their spouse or common-law partner, if traveling with them. It is possible to incorporate assets like real estate, bank accounts, pension funds, stocks, and shares.

Business or Management Experience: over the previous five years prior to the candidate's application, at least two years of management experience is required. The experience must have been obtained in a position that qualified as full-time

and within a distinct enterprise (agricultural, commercial, or industrial). The profitability of the business is not a requirement. A minimum of two full-time employees (apart from the candidate) must work for the organization if management experience is claimed to be professional.

As long as the applicant can show they have two years of recent managerial experience within the last five years, the candidate may be retired at the time the application is submitted. The applicant must be able to provide evidence of the organization, management, and control of material, human, and financial resources that fall under his or her purview. Experience obtained as part of a training, specialization, or [apprenticeship process](#) that is attested by a diploma is not eligible.

Investment: Agreement to invest \$1,200,000 CAD through a recognized financial intermediary (this investment may be funded).

+ Entrepreneurs

— Self Employed

1. Federal Self-Employed Persons Program

Those participating in these programs may apply for permanent residence in Canada if they are self-employed and have extensive expertise in specific trades or professions. A candidate for business immigration to Canada under the Self-Employed Persons Program must show that they have the relevant agricultural, artistic, or athletic experience that will enable them to successfully run their own business in Canada and significantly advance their field.

2. Quebec Self-Employed Category

The Quebec Self-Employed category of Canadian Business immigration was created to give qualified people the chance to seek permanent residency in Canada on the condition that they can successfully establish their identity in the Province of Quebec by engaging in a trade or profession for their own account.

3. Provincial Nominee Program

The **Provincial Nominee Program** (PNP) is run by several Canadian provinces and territories. Through the PNP, provinces, and territories can select immigrants who will help those economies. Certain provinces and territories provide.

+ Start-Up Visas

— Work Permits

To those who qualify and wish to launch or run a business, Canada gives temporary work permits.

Entrepreneurs/Self-Employed Persons

Private business owners who want to temporarily relocate to Canada to launch or run a business may be eligible for an LMIA exemption under business immigration programs. Candidates for one of these programs must be the sole or majority proprietors of the enterprise they intend to launch in Canada. They must also show that their venture will substantially benefit Canada. Entrepreneurs are only qualified for LMIA-exempt work permits if they can prove that their work in Canada is merely temporary in nature. Owners of seasonal businesses are especially well suited for this category. This category also includes LMIA-exempt work permits for entrepreneurs who have already sought permanent residence in Canada. Entrepreneurs can only qualify for LMIA-exempt work permits if they can show the nature of work is temporary.

Eligibility

- The work is transitory or seasonal, and they have intentions to leave Canada in a specific amount of time.
- the employment will create significant economic, social, or cultural benefits or possibilities for Canadian citizens or permanent residents
- Benefits to Canadian clients of the self-employed worker's economy, society, or culture may be taken into consideration in this situation, especially if the individual is offering a distinctive service.
- Examples of transitory self-employment include seasonal companies (such as bed and breakfast owners, gold miners, and wildlife guides).

+ Provincial Nomination

▶ Alberta

▶ Manitoba

▶ North West Territories

▶ Ontario

▶ Saskatchewan

▶ British Columbia

▶ New Brunswick

▶ Nova Scotia

▶ Prince Edward Island

▶ Yukon

— Business Visitor

A foreign national who travels to Canada to engage in business-related activities but who does not plan to work there is referred to as a business visitor. A Temporary Resident Visa (TRV) or an Electronic Travel Authorization (eTA) may be necessary for business travelers to Canada.

For Canada's economy to continue to prosper, it is crucial to permit foreign companies to conduct business there. Similar to this, nations that have strong commercial ties and strong economic ties with Canada typically make it easy for Canadian business travelers to access their nations. Canada's commercial outlook and economic prosperity are significantly influenced by visa reciprocity.

Eligibility

- Must meet Canada's basic entry requirements, and have a valid travel document, like a passport.
- Have enough money for their stay and to return home.
- Plan to leave Canada at the end of their visit and are not a criminal.
- They intend to stay in Canada for less than six months.
- They do not intend to enter the Canadian labor market.
- Their primary place of business and source of income and profits are located outside of Canada.
- Have documents that support their application.

Purpose

- Attending meetings, conferences, conventions, and other events for business.
- Purchasing goods or services in Canada on behalf of a foreign organization.
- Ordering products or services.
- Providing after-sales support, excluding practical assistance in the building trades.
- Being trained by a Canadian parent firm for employment outside of Canada; and training staff members of a foreign corporation's Canadian subsidiary.

Comprehensive Analysis

We know the industry inside out: the details of the Due Diligence process for a **study permit** and if you had a previous refusal, best ways to improve your application.

Licensed Canadian Consultant

We work with the Regulated Canadian Immigration Consultant to maximize your chance to get approval on the visa. Trial & error methods might be costly and time-consuming.

SCHEDULE A MEETING

Let's discuss the details

Schedule a meeting at one of the offices or online. A licensed Canadian immigration consultant will analyze the situation, calculate the cost, and help you find a solution based on your goals.

- ✓ Preparation of documents
- ✓ Due Diligence

[Schedule a meeting](#)

PHONE NUMBERS

